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Venice, March 20. *N. S.*

THE Imperialiſts and the French Forces continue in their former Poſts: The former have been joined by a Regiment of German Foot, that is lately arrived in the Valley of Poliſella, and will ſhortly be followed by further Reinforcements. General Steinau is now at Breſcia, where he is making the neceſſary Preparations for the putting of our Frontiers into a good Poſture of Defence.

Vienna, March 20. We have lately received Letters from Barcelona with Accounts of the Tranſactions in thoſe Parts; a Relation of which has been printed here, containing in Subſtance, That on the 11th of December laſt Advice came to Barcelona, that a Party of the Gariſon of Denia had routed one of the Enemy, 6 of the latter being killed, and 22 taken Priſoners: Beſides which our Men took 15 Horſes. The 12th the Syndics of the County of Ribagorca, bordering on Catalonia, came to Barcelona, to do Homage to his Catholick Majeſty, in the Names of themſelves and the reſt of the Inhabitants of that County. The 14th came Advice, That a Saique fitted out by the Miquelets of St. Felix de Quixols had taken one of the Enemy's Ships that came out of Marſeilles. The 15th 400 Spaniards were ſent from Barcelona to Lerida, to be incorporated into the Regiment of Don Juan d'Aumada, which lay in Gariſon there. The 16th there came an Account, That another Ship belonging to the Enemy had been ſeized at St. Felix de Quixols; and that General Schrottenbach was lately dead at Girona. The 17th the King declared Count Uhlefeld General of Horſe. Some Engliſh Troops were detached towards the Frontiers. There came Advice, That thoſe which lay at Lerida were marched out, with 4 Pieces of Cannon, upon ſome Expedition. Two Saiques were ſent from Barcelona towards Roſes, to prevent the bringing of any Proviſions into that Place by Sea. The 18th they had News, That Colonel Don Raphael Nabot having quitted the Duke of Anjou's Service, came with his whole Regiment, conſiſting of 500 Horſe, and about 150 Horſe more that had joined him near Oliva, to Denia, where being reinforced by Major-General Ramos with part of the Gariſon, they marched the 11th to Xabea, in which Place was a Gariſon of 400 Men, whom they attacked, and having killed 27, and taken the reſt Priſoners, with the Loſs only of 7 Men on our ſide, made themſelves Maſters of that Town; as they did the next day of Oliva, that Gariſon alſo remaining Priſoners of War; and afterwards of Gandia, where they found 300 Horſes, and abundance of Proviſions and Ammunition. That upon the publiſhing of a General Amneſty to all that ſhould forſake the Duke of Anjou's Intereſt, an incredible number of Deputies came from the neighbouring Towns and Places to make their Submiſſion to his Catholick Majeſty. The 19th they had an Account, That the Detachment that marched from Lerida, as before-mentioned, advanced to Fraga, which Place the French were fortifying, having put into it a Gariſon of 800 Men, who were ſoon driven from thence, and did not eſcape without conſiderable Loſs. The 21ſt an Officer came from Valentia, with the joyful News, That General Ramos and Colonel Nabot had poſſeſſed themſelves of Alzira, having defeated three Troops of Horſe that the Marquis de Villa Garcia, Viceroy of Valentia, had ſent to oppoſe them; after which they marched to Valentia with 1000 Horſe and 500 Foot, and made themſelves Maſters of that Place, where they took the Viceroy Priſoner; and that in ſhort the whole Kingdom of Valentia, the Towns of Alicant and Peniſola excepted, had declared for his Catholick Majeſty. The 27th, the King being informed that the Enemy were drawing all their Troops towards Arragon, and had burnt the Town of Monroy, which had declared for him, reſolved to ſend Forces that way; and acquainting the Deputies of Barcelona, that he ſhould want the Aſſiſtance of that City upon this extraordinary Occaſion, the Burghers came to his Majeſty, and tender'd all that was in their Power; which Offer was accompanied with all poſſible Demonſtrations of Zeal and Loyalty. The 29th his Majeſty declared the Conde de Ciſuentes Viceroy of Valentia. The 30th 6 Troopers of the Regiment of Medinilla came over to us, with Aſſurances, that their whole Regiment would do the like upon the firſt Opportunity. The Earl of Peterborow marched that day towards Tortoſa. Advice came, That a Body of the Enemy's Troops had beſieged St. Matheo. The 6th of January an Account was brought, That the Towns of Xativa and Origuela had ſubmitted to the Catholick King. The 7th a Veſſel belonging to Majorca came to Barcelona; the Maſter whereof reported, that the whole Iſland was ready to declare for his Majeſty. The 10th the King named the Officers of a Regiment of Foot which the County of Riborca had reſolved to raiſe for his Service. The 13th News came, That the Earl of Peterborow being marched from Tortoſa with a Body of Troops to the Relief of St. Matheo, the Enemy, upon his Lordſhip's Approach, retired with great Precipitation; and that the Gariſon ſallying out upon them, killed 300 of them, with the Loſs only of 9 Men killed and wounded on our ſide. The 17th there came Advice, That the City and Deputies of Valentia had reſolved to raiſe a Regiment of Horſe, and another of Foot, for his Catholick Majeſty's Service. The 26th the News was brought, That the two Saiques which were lately ſailed from Barcelona had taken two Prizes laden with Corn, and carried them into Palamos. The 28th a Spaniſh Regiment was ſent by Sea from Barcelona to Tortoſa. They received Advice from Lerida, That Major-General Cunningham, who commands there, having Intelligence that the Chevalier d'Aſfeld, who lay at Balbaſtro, intended to fall upon ſome of our Dragoons who were quartered at Tamarite, he detached Colonel Wilks that way with 300 Granadiers, and as many Fuſiliers; and he and Colonel Palms followed with more Forces. That the

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